



# HICHROM

Chromatography Columns and Supplies

## LC COLUMN SELECTION Polar Bonded Phases

Catalogue 9

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## Introduction

Polar bonded silica phases offer an alternative selectivity to alkyl bonded materials (see p.35-40). In general they have a lower hydrophobicity but higher polarity. Cyano, amino and diol bonded phases can be used in both normal- and reversed-phase modes. In normal-phase they equilibrate more rapidly with the eluent than silica itself and are not deactivated by traces of water.

## Availability

Cyano bonded phases show unique selectivity for polar compounds and are more suitable than bare silica for normal-phase gradient separations. The cyano functional group is a strong dipole that can interact with other dipoles or induce dipoles on solutes. These phases also exhibit moderate hydrophobicity due to the alkyl linker.

Amino bonded phases show alternative normal-phase selectivity to unbonded silica, especially for aromatics. Amino columns are also used in the HILIC mode for carbohydrate analysis and for other polar compounds. Their weak anion-exchange properties can be used in the analysis of anions and organic acids.

Diol bonded phases are a versatile alternative to unbonded silica for normal-phase separations. The hydroxyl groups provide good selectivity without excessive retention, since H-bonding with the diol layer is weaker than with silanols. Some diol bonded phases have been developed specifically for HILIC applications. Differing pore size materials are used in size-exclusion separations.

## Cyano Bonded Phases

Phase	Manufacturer	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Page
ACE CN	ACT	2 <sup>1</sup> , 3, 5, 10	100	300	64, 70, 74-76
CAPCELL PAK CN UG	Shiseido	5	120	300	79, 80
Chromegabond BAS-CN		3, 5, 10	120	180	102
Chromegabond CN-BD	ES Industries	3, 5, 10	100	475	102
Chromegabond CN-HS		3, 5, 10	60	550	102
COSMOSIL CN-MS	Nacalai Tesque	5	120	300	91
Develosil CN-UG		5	140	300	95, 96
Develosil XG-CN	Nomura	3, 5	140	300	95
Exsil CN		3, 5	100	200	104
Genesis CN	Grace	4	120	300	124
HALO ES-CN <sup>2</sup>	Advanced Materials	2.7	90	150	125, 126, 129
HALO-5 ES-CN <sup>2</sup>	Technology	5	90	90	125, 128, 129
Hypersil GOLD CN		1.9, 3, 5	175	220	228, 230
Hypersil CPS		3, 5	120	170	232
Hypersil CPS-2	Thermo Scientific	5	120	170	232
Hypersil BDS CPS		3, 5	130	170	233
Inertsil CN-3	GL Sciences	3, 5	100	450	108, 112-114
Kromasil CN	Akzo Nobel	5, 10, 16	60	540	141, 143-146
LiChrosorb CN		5	100	300	181
LiChrospher CN	Merck	5	100	350	182-184
NUCLEODUR CN and CN-RP		3, 5	110	340	157, 160
NUCLEOSIL CN	Macherey-Nagel	5, 10	100	350	163, 164, 165
		7	120	200	163, 165
ProntoSIL CN	Bischoff	3, 5	120	300	78
TSKgel CN-80Ts	Tosoh Bioscience	5	80	-	247, 248
Ultrasphere CN	Hichrom	3, 5	80	-	258, 259
Waters µBondapak CN		10	125	-	265
Waters Nova-Pak CN HP	Waters	4	60	-	265
Waters Spherisorb CN		3, 5	80	220	262, 263
YMC CN	YMC	3, 5	120	330	270, 272
ZORBAX CN	Agilent Technologies	5	70	330	279, 280

<sup>1</sup> As ACE Excel column

<sup>2</sup> Superficially porous phase

## POLAR BONDED PHASES (continued)

## Amino Bonded Phases

Phase	Manufacturer	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Page
CAPCELL PAK NH <sub>2</sub> UG	Shiseido	5	80	-	79, 80
Chromegabond A/RP	ES Industries	3, 5, 10	60, 100	475, 330	102
Chromolith NH <sub>2</sub>	Merck	-	-	300	178
COSMOSIL NH <sub>2</sub> -MS	Nacalai Tesque	5	120	300	91
Exsil NH <sub>2</sub>	Grace	3, 5	100	200	104
Genesis NH <sub>2</sub>		3	120	300	124
Hypersil GOLD Amino	Thermo Scientific	1.9, 3, 5	175	220	228-230
Hypersil APS-2		3, 5	120	170	232
Inertsil NH <sub>2</sub>	GL Sciences	3, 5	100	450	108, 112-114
InertSustain NH <sub>2</sub>		3, 5	100	350	5
Kromasil NH <sub>2</sub>	Akzo Nobel	3.5, 5, 7, 10	100	320	141, 143-147
LiChrosorb NH <sub>2</sub>	Merck	5, 10	100	300	181
LiChrospher NH <sub>2</sub>		5	100	350	182-184
NUCLEODUR NH <sub>2</sub> and NH <sub>2</sub> -RP	Macherey-Nagel	3, 5, 7	110	340	157, 160
NUCLEOSIL NH <sub>2</sub>		5	100	350	163, 164
		7	120	200	163, 165
Purospher STAR NH <sub>2</sub>	Merck	5	120	330	180
Synchronis NH <sub>2</sub>	Thermo Scientific	1.7, 3, 5	100	320	234
TSKgel NH <sub>2</sub> -100	Tosoh Bioscience	3	100	450	250
Waters µBondapak NH <sub>2</sub>	Waters	10	125	330	265
Waters Spherisorb NH <sub>2</sub>		3, 5, 10	80	220	262, 263
YMC NH <sub>2</sub>	YMC	3, 5	120	330	270, 272
ZORBAX NH <sub>2</sub>	Agilent Technologies	5	70	330	279, 280

## Diol Bonded Phases

Phase	Manufacturer	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Page
Chromegabond D/RP	ES Industries	3, 5	60, 100	475, 330	102
COSMOSIL Diol	Nacalai Tesque	5	120	300	91
Inertsil Diol	GL Sciences	3, 5	100	450	108, 111-114
Inertsil WP Diol		5	300	150	115
Kromasil Diol	Akzo Nobel	5, 10, 16	60	540	141, 143-146
Kromasil HILIC-D		5	60	540	147
LiChrosorb Diol	Merck	5, 10	100	300	181
LiChrospher Diol		5	100	350	182-184
NUCLEOSIL Diol	Macherey-Nagel	5, 7	100	350	163, 164
ProntoSIL Diol	Bischoff	3, 5	120	300	78
YMC Diol	YMC	5	120	330	270, 272
YMC-Triart Diol-HILIC		1.9, 3, 5	120	-	266, 267

Figures 1 and 2 show typical applications on amino and diol bonded columns respectively.

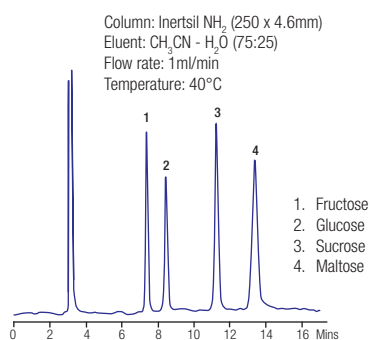


Figure 1. Separation of sugars on amino column

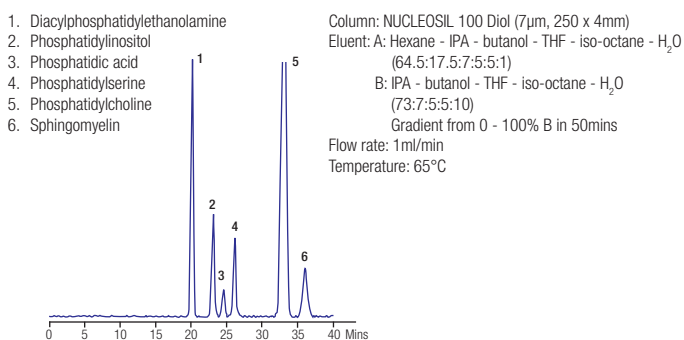


Figure 2. Separation of phospholipids on diol column